VACCINES & ABORTIONS

Though uncomfortable to think about, it is important to understand the truth about the use of aborted fetal cell lines in vaccines so we can make informed decisions.

WI-38

Cell line taken from the lung tissue of a 12-week (3 month) gestation aborted female fetus in 1962.

Currently in use in the MMR (M-M-R II®), MMRV (ProQuad®), Varicella/Chickenpox (Varivax®), and Adenovirus vaccines.

Cell line taken from the lung tissue of a 14-week (3 month) gestation aborted male fetus in 1966.

MRC-5

Currently in use in the MMRV (ProQuad®), Hep A (Havrix®), Hep A/Hep B (Twinrix®), Rabies (Imovax®), Shingles (Zostavax®), and Varicella/Chickenpox (Varivax®) vaccines

RA 27/3

Cell line taken from the kidney of a female fetus in 1964 - the third tissue of the 27th abortion performed in the development of the Rubella vaccine, hence the name "RA 27/3."

Currently in use in the MMR (M-M-R II®) and MMRV (ProQuad®) vaccines

IMR-90

Cell line taken from the lung tissue of a 16-week (4 month) gestation aborted female fetus in 1975.

Made specifically as a replacement for WI-38. For reasons not found, it is not currently in use.

PER.C6

Cell line taken from the retina of an 18-week (4.5 month) gestation aborted male fetus in 1985.

Currently in use in the research & development of HIV, RSV, Influenza, Ebola, Zika, and MERS vaccines (and likely others).

WALVAX-2

In 2015, a new fetal cell line was announced: taken from the lung tissue of a 3-month gestation aborted female fetus.

Harvested specifically to replace existing aging cell lines and for cultivating viral vaccines **currently in research & development.**

Other important points to consider: (1) Each of the cell lines listed above represents dozens, if not hundreds of abortions that were studied in order to obtain just the right tissues.

- (2) Almost all of these cell lines are still being used today, and more are in development.
- (3) DNA fragments from these cell lines are present in the final vaccine.
- (4) The DNA fragments from these fetal cell lines not only present moral and religious concerns, but also major health concerns.





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Q: how many abortions were involved in the production of the fetal cell lines used in vaccines?

A: hundreds

In sum total, it took hundreds of abortions to harvest tissues with just the right properties for use in vaccines. On January 11, 2018, while under oath to testify in the case of Lori Matheson vs. Michael Schmitt, Dr. Stanley Plotkin admits to the use of 76 aborted fetuses, all 3 months gestation or older, in a single study for the development of the rubella vaccine.

Source: https://archive.org/details/StanleyPlotkinCourtTestimony20180111

Q: are these fetal cell lines still used in vaccines today?

A: YES

Aborted fetal cells are listed on the **current vaccine inserts** provided by the manufacturers on the FDA's website: https://www.fda.gov/vaccines-blood-biologics/vaccines/vaccines-licensed-use-united-states

Q: is aborted fetal DNA present in the final vaccine?

A: YES

In a very recent 2019 study by Corvelva, new generation precision genome sequencing technology was used to analyze GlaxoSmithKline's Priorix® Tetra measles-mumps-rubella-chickenpox (MMRV) vaccine. They found a **99.76% match of the MRC-5 genome present in the vaccine,** which means the DNA was found almost in its entirety. "The human fetal DNA presented in this vaccine is a single entire genome; **that means the vaccine contains genomic DNA with all the chromosomes of a male individual** (in fact MRC-5 originates from a male fetus)."

 $Source: \underline{https://www.corvelva.it/en/speciale-corvelva/vaccinegate-en/vaccinegate-mrc-5-contained-in-priorix-\underline{tetra-complete-genome-sequencing.html}$

Q: are there negative health concerns?

A: YES

Corvelva's study noted that the human genomic DNA found in the Priorix® Tetra MMRV vaccine was highly irregular. In their shocking results, they concluded: "The human genomic DNA contained in [the vaccine] is evidently anomalous, presenting important inconsistencies if compared to a typical human genome, i.e. the one of a healthy human being. There are several unknown variants (not noted in public databases) and some of them are located in genes involved in cancer." Source: https://drive.google.com/file/d/1g_GaUFq22SwyuOouPadG9qbDT-a2m8VS/view These health concerns are consistent with the previous findings, conclusions, and warnings of Dr. Theresa Deisher of the Sound Choice Pharmaceutical Institute: https://www.soundchoice.org/research/.